IN THE CLAIMS:

The following is a complete listing of claims in this application.

- 1. (previously presented) A die coating for use on the surface of a metal mold or metal die component contacted by molten metal in low pressure or gravity die casting, said die coating including a porous layer of ceramic material produced by co-deposition, using a thermal spraying procedure, of a powder of said ceramic material and a powder of an organic polymer material and, after the co-deposition, heating said co-deposited layer on the mold or die component to remove the polymer material, and provide said porous layer of ceramic material, said porous layer of ceramic material having a thickness of about 250 to 400 µm.
- 2. (previously presented) A die coating according to claim 1, wherein said ceramic powder is at least one ceramic powder selected from the group consisting of oxides, nitrides, carbides and borides.
- 3. (previously presented) A die coating according to claim 1, wherein said ceramic powder is at least one mineral compound powder selected from the group consisting of clay minerals, hard rock ore and heavy mineral sands.
- 4. (previously presented) A die coating according to claim 3, wherein said ceramic powder is obtained from scoria or pumice.
- 5. (previously presented) A die coating according to claim 1, wherein said organic polymer powder is formed from a thermoplastic material.
- 6. (previously presented) A die coating according to claim 1, wherein each of said ceramic and polymer powders is of relatively narrow size spectrum.
 - 7. (previously presented) A die coating according to

XANDRIA, VIRGINIA 22314-2700 703 837-9600 claim 6, wherein said ceramic and polymer particles are of particle sizes not more than about 60 μm and not less than about 1 μm in the case of said ceramic powder and not less than about 5 μm and not more than 45 μm in the case of the polymer powder.

- 8. (previously presented) A process for providing a die coating on the surface of a metal mold or metal die component, comprising the steps of forming an initial coating of organic polymer material and ceramic material on the surface by co-deposition of powders of the materials by a thermal spraying procedure, and heating the initial coating to a temperature of less than 450°C so as to remove the polymer material and leave a coating of ceramic material with voids therein, thus forming a porous coating of the ceramic material.
- 9. (previously presented) A process according to claim 8, wherein said polymer material is removed by combustion and/or decomposition.
- 10. (previously presented) A process according to claim 8, wherein said thermal spraying procedure is either flame spraying, plasma spraying or electric arc spraying.
- 11. (previously presented) A process according to claim 8, wherein a substantially uniform die coat is provided over all surfaces of the mold or die components, which define a die cavity.
- 12. (previously presented) A process according to claim 11, wherein said coating has a thickness of from about 250 to 400 μm_{\star}
- 13. (previously presented) A process according to claim 12, wherein said coating has a thickness of from about 300 to about 400 $\mu m\,.$
 - 14. (previously presented) A metal mold or die component

having a surface for contact by molten metal in low pressure or gravity die casting, said surface being coated fully, or in a section or sections thereof, by a die coating according to claim 1.

Claims 15-17 (canceled).

- 18. (previously presented) A die coating according to claim 5, wherein said thermoplastic material is selected from the group consisting of polystyrene, styrene-acrylonitrile, polymethacrylates, polyesters, polyamides, polyamide-imides and PTFE.
- 19. (previously presented) A die coating according to claim 2, wherein said ceramic powder is at least one ceramic powder selected from the group consisting of alumina, titania, silica, stabilized zirconia, silicon nitride, boron nitride, silicon carbide, tungsten carbide, titanium borides and zirconium boride.

Claim 20 (canceled).

- 21. (previously presented) A die coating according to claim 3, wherein said ceramic powder is at least one mineral compound powder selected from the group consisting of ilmenite, rutile and zircon.
- 22. (previously presented) A metal mold or metal die component having a surface for contact by molten metal in low pressure or gravity die casting, said surface being coated in a section or sections thereof with a non-porous ceramic die coating and in another section or sections thereof, with a die coating including a porous layer of ceramic material produced by co-deposition, using a thermal spraying procedure, of a powder of said ceramic material and a powder of an organic polymer material and, after the co-deposition, heating said co-deposited layer on the mold or die component to remove the polymer material, and provide said porous layer of ceramic

material having a thickness of about 250 to 400 μm .

- 23. (previously presented) A metal mold or metal die component having a surface for contact by molten metal in low pressure or gravity die casting, said surface being coated fully, or in a section or sections thereof, by alternating layers of a non-porous ceramic die coating and a die coating including a porous layer of ceramic material produced by co-deposition, using a thermal spraying procedure, of a powder of said ceramic material and a powder of an organic polymer material and, after the co-deposition, heating said co-deposited layer on the mold or die component to remove the polymer material, and provide said porous layer of ceramic material having a thickness of about 250 to 400 µm.
- 24. (previously presented) A die coating according to claim 1, wherein the heating is to a temperature of up to 450°C to remove the polymer material.
- 25. (previously presented) A die coating according to claim 7, wherein the heating is to a temperature up to $450\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to remove the polymer material.
- 26. (currently amended) A die coating for use on the surface of a metal mold or die component contacted by molten metal, said die coating including a porous layer of ceramic material produced by co-deposition, of a powder of said ceramic material and a powder of an organic polymer material using thermal spraying procedure followed by heating said co-deposited layer to a temperature up to 450°C to remove the polymer material, and provide said porous layer of ceramic material having a thickness of about 250 to 400 µm.
- 27. (currently amended) A process for providing a die coating on a surface of a metal mold or die component comprising the steps of:

co-depositing powders of an organic polymer material and

LAW OFFICES
DENNISON, SCHULTZ, DOUGHERTY & MACDONALD
SUITE 105
1727 KING STREET

powders of a ceramic material on the surface of the metal mold or die component by a thermal spraying procedure;

heating the metal mold or die component to a temperature up to 450°C to remove the polymer material and leave a porous coating of the ceramic material <u>having a thickness of about 250 to 400 µm</u>.

- 28. (currently amended) A coated metal mold or die component including a porous layer of ceramic material formed by co-deposition of a powder of said ceramic material and a powder of an organic polymer material, and heating the co-deposited layer to a temperature of up to $450\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to remove the polymer material, and provide said porous layer of ceramic material <u>having a thickness of about 250 to 400 µm</u>.
- 29. (previously presented) The coated metal mold or die component of claim 28, wherein the ceramic material is at least one material selected from the group consisting of oxides, nitrides, carbides and borides.
- 30. (previously presented) The coated metal mold or die component of claim 29, wherein the ceramic material is at least one material selected from the group consisting of alumina, titania, silica, stabilized zirconia, silicon nitride, boron nitride, silicon carbide, tungsten carbide, titanium borides and zirconium boride.
- 31. (previously presented) The coated metal mold or die component of claim 28, wherein the ceramic material is at least one mineral compound or heavy mineral sand selected from the group consisting of clay minerals, hard rock ore, ilmenite, rutile and zircon.
- 32. (previously presented) The coated metal mold or die component of claim 28, wherein the ceramic material is obtained from scoria or pumice.
 - 33. (previously presented) A die coating for use on the

surface of a metal mold or metal die component contacted by molten metal in low pressure or gravity die casting, said die coating including a porous layer of ceramic material produced by co-deposition, using a thermal spraying procedure, of a powder of said ceramic material having a particle size of 1-60 μm and a powder of an organic polymer material having a particle size of 5-45 μm and, after the co-deposition, heating said co-deposited layer on the mold or die component to remove the polymer material, and provide said porous layer of ceramic material.

- 34. (previously presented) A die coating according to claim 33, wherein said ceramic powder is at least one ceramic powder selected from the group consisting of oxides, nitrides, carbides and borides.
- 35. (previously presented) A die coating according to claim 33, wherein said ceramic powder is at least one mineral compound powder selected from the group consisting of clay minerals, hard rock ore and heavy mineral sands.
- 36. (previously presented) A process for providing a die coating on the surface of a metal mold or metal die component, comprising the steps of forming an initial coating of organic polymer material, the polymer material having a particle size of 5-45 µm and ceramic material on the surface by co-deposition of powders of the materials by a thermal spraying procedure, and heating the initial coating so as to remove the polymer material and leave a coating of ceramic material with voids therein, thus forming a porous coating of the ceramic material.
- 37. (currently amended) A process according to claim 30 36, wherein said polymer material is removed by combustion and/or decomposition.
 - 38. (previously presented) A process according to claim

- 37, wherein a substantially uniform die coat is provided over all surfaces of the mold or die components, which define a die cavity.
- 39. (previously presented) A process according to claim 38, wherein said coating has a thickness of from about 250 to 400 μm_{\star}
- 40. (previously presented) A metal mold or metal die component having a surface for contact by molten metal in low pressure or gravity die casting, said surface being coated fully, or in a section or sections thereof, by a die coating according to claim 33.